

GLOSSARY

Term	Meaning
Abdominoplasty	Means a surgical procedure to reduce the excess skin and fat around the abdomen and strengthen the abdominal wall musculature.
AYUSH	Refers to Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy.
Bone grafting	Means a surgical procedure that uses transplanted bone to repair and rebuild diseased or damaged bones.
Calculi	Means hard deposits made of minerals and salts that form inside the kidneys, commonly referred as Kidney stones.
Cardiology	Means a branch of medicine that concerns diseases and disorders of the heart.
Cardiorespiratory	Refers to something related to both heart and lungs.
CMO	Means Chief Medical Officer
Covid	Means an infectious disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus.
CSF in Brain	Means cerebrospinal fluid made by tissue that lines the ventricles (hollow spaces) in the brain.
DHMS	Refers to Diploma in Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery
Discectomy	Means a surgical removal of the damaged portion of a herniated disc in the spine.
Endoscopy	Refers to a nonsurgical procedure that can be used to examine patient's digestive tract.
ENT	Means Ear, Nose and Throat
Foraminotomy	Means a surgery to widen the opening of the spine for nerve roots for treating nerve compression.
GBS	Means Guillain-Barre' syndrome: A condition in which the immune system attacks the nerves.
Gynecology	Refers to the area of medicine that involves the treatment of women's diseases, especially those of the reproductive organs.
Hemogram	Refers to a type of test that measures complete blood count (CBC) and erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).

Hysteroscopy	Means an examination of the inside of the cervix and uterus using a thin, lighted, flexible tube called a hysteroscopy.
ICU	Refers to Intensive Care Unit
Idiopathic intracranial hypertension	Means a condition that occurs when pressure inside the skull increases for no obvious reason.
Intramural Fibroid	Refers to non-cancerous growths within the walls of the uterus.
IVF	Refers to in vitro fertilization, a complex series of procedures that can lead to a pregnancy.
Laparoscopy	Means a surgical procedure used to examine the organs in the abdomen.
Laminectomy	Means a surgery that creates space by removing bone spurs and tissues associated with arthritis of the spine.
Listhesis	Means to slip forward. Spondylolisthesis means the slipping forward of the vertebral bone
Menorrhagia	Means menstrual bleeding that lasts more than 7 days.
MBBS	Refers to Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery.
MD	Refers to Doctor of Medicine
Mens Rea	Refers to the knowledge or intention of wrongdoing.
Microdiscectomy	Means a surgical procedure for the relief of pain and other symptoms that occur when a herniated disc in the spine presses on an adjacent nerve root.
MS	Refers to Master of Surgery
Nephrologist	Means a medical doctor who specializes in kidney care and treating diseases of the kidneys.
Oncology	Means a branch of medicine specialized in the diagnosis and treatment of cancer.
Orthopedic	Means the medical specialty that focuses on injuries and diseases of body's musculoskeletal system.

Paresthesia	Means the sensation of pricking, tingling, or creeping on the skin that has no objective cause.
Prima facie	Refers to ‘At first sight/based on first impression’
Pulmonary	Means connected with lungs.
Res ipsa loquitur	Refers to ‘the thing speaks for itself’.
RMO	Refers to Resident Medical officer
RPAD Notice	Means a Notice sent through Registered Post with Acknowledge Due.
Seborrheic dermatitis	Means a skin condition causing scaly patches and red skin, mainly on the scalp.
Septicemia	Refers to the clinical name for blood poisoning by bacteria.
SGPT	Refers to a test that gauges the liver condition.
Thrombosis	Refers to the formation of a blood clot (partial or complete blockage) within blood vessels, whether venous or arterial, limiting the natural flow of blood.
Urethroscopy	Means to assess the structure and function of the urethral sphincter mechanism for ruling out urethral pathologies.
USG	Means an Ultrasound-noninvasive imaging test that shows structures inside the body using high-intensity sound waves.
Vicarious liability	Refers to the liability for the act or omission of another, usually an employee.